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health, and perform such other duties as the said boards may from time to time see proper to impose.

SEC. 28. It shall be the duty of the sanitary inspector or other police officers at least once in every month from May 1 to October 1 and once in 60 days from October 1 to May 1 to make a thorough investigation of the sanitary condition of the city, especially examining in person or by competent deputy all lots, privies, drains, and cellars, and see that all the ordinances of the city in regard to sanitary matters are faithfully carried out, and shall report all violations of the law to the mayor, and upon the affidavit of the sanitary inspector the mayor shall issue a warrant for any person so offending.

SEC. 29. It shall be the duty of the sanitary inspector or other police officers, under the direction of the mayor, to investigate the condition of the privies, back yards, and other places in the city, and to notify the owner, agent, or tenant of the premises found in a filthy condition to cleanse the same. If they are not so cleansed within 48 hours after notice is given, the party in default shall be subject to a penalty of \$10 and \$5 additional for each day such nuisance shall continue.

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SEC. 32. Whenever any person shall die within the limits of the city of Raleigh who shall prove, upon investigation made by the mayor, chief of police, sanitary inspector, or other police officers, to be a subject of charity, and whose estate shall be unable to pay funeral expenses, it shall be the duty of the sanitary inspector to take charge of the remains of such person and see that the same are properly and decently interred, the city paying the expense incurred thereby. Any person who shall obstruct, hinder, or prevent in any way the sanitary inspector, or any one acting under his direction, from removing the remains of such persons for interment shall, on conviction before the police justice, be subject to a penalty of \$10.

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SEC. 49. The sanitary inspector shall make an annual report of the operations of the health and street cleaning department and transmit the same to the board of aldermen.

SEC. 50. Any person who shall fail to comply with any of the notices relating to the abatement of nuisances and sanitary ordinances, served through the health and street cleaning department, chief of police or other city policeman, shall, upon conviction, be subject to a penalty of \$10.

Births and Deaths—Registration of—Burial or Removal of Bodies. (Chap. XX, Ord. July 19, 1912.)

SEC. 7. Every physician or midwife attending or present at the birth of any human being within the city of Raleigh shall, within 24 hours thereafter, certify the same to the clerk to the board of health, upon blanks to be furnished by said clerk and signed by such physician or midwife, specifying therein the time and place of birth, the ward and street where born, the sex, color, condition, and, as near as can be ascertained, the parentage of such birth, giving the name of the father and mother. In case there shall be no attending physician or midwife, then the next of kin or other person present at such birth shall, within 24 hours thereafter, report the same to the clerk to the board of health, who shall take the necessary steps to ascertain as near as can be the facts aforesaid. The clerk shall file for reference every certificate of birth, he having first recorded them in a book kept for that purpose. Any person whose duty it is to report a birth under this section and who shall fail to do so shall, upon conviction before the police justice, be subject to a penalty of \$10.

SEC. 8. It shall be the duty of every practicing physician who has attended any person at a last illness, or has been present by request at the death of any person, to make within 12 hours and furnish to the undertaker or other person superintending the burial, a certificate of such death, setting forth as far as the same can be ascertained

the full name, color, sex, conjugal condition, date of death, birth, age, occupation, place of birth, birthplace of father, birthplace of mother, disease or cause of death (chief cause, contributing cause), place where disease was contracted, place of death (number of street and ward), late residence, length of residence in Raleigh, duration of last illness; and, in case of sudden death or any death where there is no attending physician, the city physician in the ward where death occurs, when requested, shall, after satisfactory investigation, or any other physician who has investigated the facts may, when applied to, give such certificate; and the coroner, or other officer acting in his place, may likewise give such certificate in cases coming under his notice. If any person authorized to issue such certificate can not state the cause of death, he must certify that it is unknown. If any physician or other person authorized by this section to furnish such certificate shall fail to do so he shall, upon conviction before the police justice, be subject to a penalty of \$10.

SEC. 9. No sexton, undertaker, express, railroad, or transportation company or private individual shall receive or take charge of for burial or removal any dead body of a human being without first obtaining a permit from the clerk to the board of health. This permit shall be granted by the clerk to the board of health only upon the presentation of a certificate of the fact and cause of death on a uniform blank to be furnished by the superintendent of health (no other form to be valid), from the attending physician, or, if there be no attending physician, from the coroner upon a sworn statement of some relative or friend of the deceased. The certificate of death shall be filed by the clerk for reference in the office of the board of health, he having first entered in a book kept for the purpose the name in full, color, sex, conjugal condition, date of death, birth, age, occupation, place of birth, birthplace of father, birthplace of mother, disease or cause of death (chief cause, contributing cause), place where disease was contracted, place of death (street number and ward), late residence, length of residence in Raleigh, duration of last illness, where to be interred, destination if removed, undertaker, physician last in attendance, coroner, or individual making sworn statement, and magistrate before whom made. Any person or corporation burying or receiving the dead body of a human being without having obtained a permit from the clerk to the board of health shall be fined \$10. Should the clerk to the board of health furnish a burial permit, without authority of a properly filled death certificate, the sum of \$5 for each and every such furnishing shall be deducted from his salary. It shall further be unlawful for any person to exhume dead bodies at Oakwood, City, and Mount Hope Cemeteries without a permit from the clerk to the board of health, and any person so offending shall, on conviction, be subject to a penalty of \$10. And the board of health is hereby authorized and empowered to make such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper to carry out the true intent and purpose of this ordinance.

**Communicable Diseases—Reporting of Cases of—Disinfection—Quarantine—
Funerals. (Chap. XX, Ord. July 19, 1912.)**

SEC. 10. It shall be the duty of the attending physician to give immediate notice to the clerk of the board of health of any contagious or infectious disease of any character, such as smallpox, cholera, diphtheria, membranous croup, measles, typhoid fever, typhus fever, scarlet fever, yellow fever, and such other diseases as may be declared by said board of health to be contagious or infectious, which may come under the professional care of such physician; and it shall also be the duty of the attending physician to report to the clerk of the board of health when such patients are free from contagion and when the houses occupied by such patients are ready for disinfecting and fumigating; and any physician who shall fail or neglect to report as aforesaid any such cases of disease that come under his professional care as aforesaid shall be punished, on conviction thereof in the police justice's court, by a penalty of \$20.